Welcome!

Put it on Nitro! The Science and Method of Beer Nitrogenation

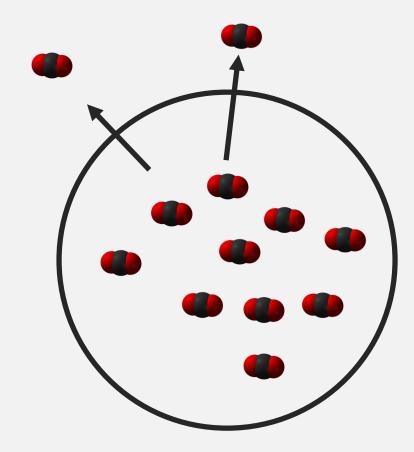
Objectives

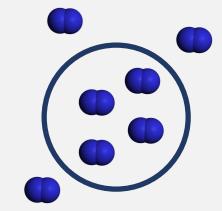
- What is Nitro beer?
- Equipment
- Nitrogenation/Carbonation
- Dispense

What is Nitro?

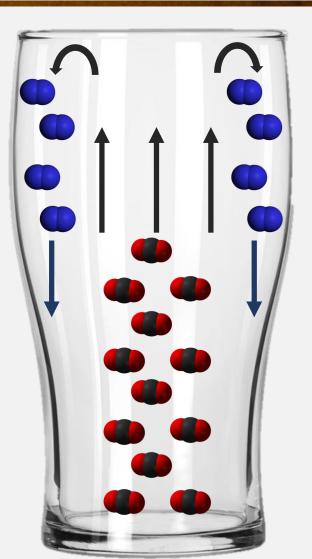
- Pushed at ~32psi with 25% Co2/75% N2
- Low carbonation
- Infused with Nitrogen

Dense Foam

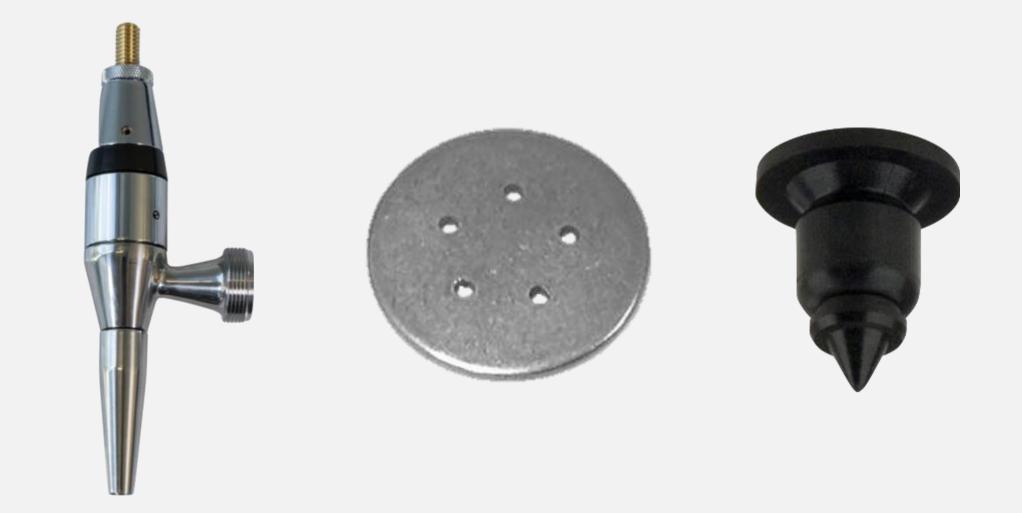




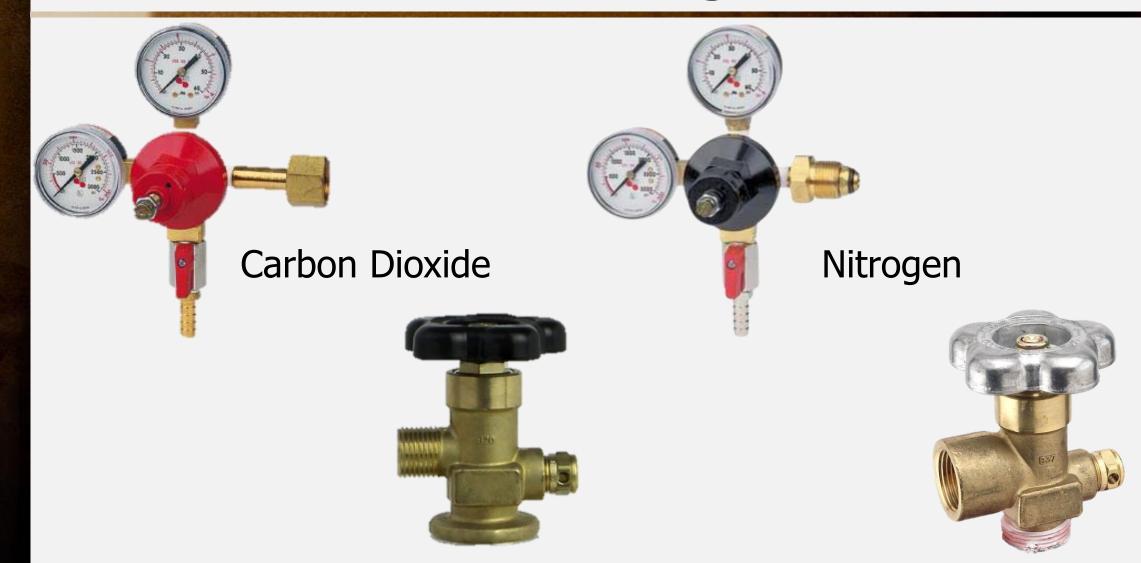
Cascading Effect



Stout Faucet



Gas Tanks and Regulators



Diffuser Stones



- Speeds up infusion
- Use stainless clamps
- Beware of backflow

Gas Blenders



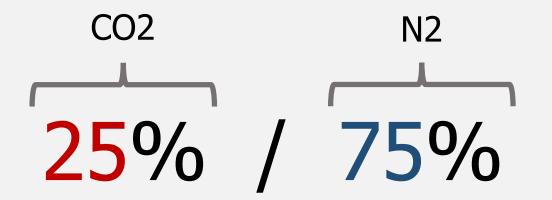
Pros

- Consistency
- Easier to source
- Better tank yield

Cons

- \$\$\$
- High pressure tubing and regs
- Requires secondary regulator

Gas Blend Nomenclature



Pure Gases vs Blended Gas

Pro

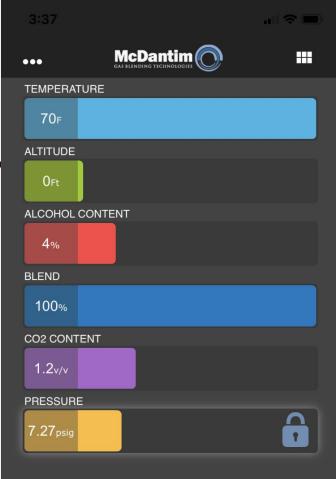
Control

Con

• Extra equipment

Carbonation

- Goal = 1.0 1.4 v/v CO2
- Too much carbonation creates excess foam
- You cannot use 100% CO2 at serving temperatures
- Increase carbonation temp



CO2

Blend

Carbonation

- <u>34psi (25/75) ÷ 4 8.5psi (100/0</u>)
- Convert to absolute pressure!
 34 + 14.7 = 48.7 psia
 48.7 ÷ 4 = 12.175psia
 12.175 14.7 = -2.525psi

Nitrogenation

Best practices

- 30⁺ psi N2 partial pressure
- Near freezing temps
- Clarify beer
- Leave ~1 gallon of headspace

100% Nitrogen with Stone

- 1. Pressurize slowly to 40psi
- 2. Wait for 10 minutes
- 3. Bleed slowly to 30psi
- 4. Repeat 3x



Blended Gas

- 1. Pressurize to 35-40psi
- 2. Wait at least 24hrs
- 3. Slowly bleed to serving pressure

Serving Nitro Beer

- 30-35psi based on temp and v/v CO2
- Restrict normally

Thank you!

Send me your draft questions!



mikejferrari@gmail.com

